

				Recep	otion/Y1				
Term	Theme & Key Text	Secondary texts for reading & writing stimulus	Genre	Fiction Focus	Writing Outcome	Non- fiction genre	Writing Outcome	Poetry	Writing Outcome
Autumn		Familiarity with books & stories Discuss likes & dislikes about the stories Hello Autumn Seasons come seasons go tree What happened to you? Stickman After the Storm Autumn Poems	Character flaw	Characterisation	Full oral composition of simple repetitive stories including typical story language features: Once upon a time there was a whoSoNow Simple innovations substitute characters – map and tell new stories with associated word writing Story invention sessions using basic 5 part story structure – start and end of story. Ascribing meaning to what they are writing. Write the initial sound for a label.	Information	Composition of a label for an information book about animals.	A NATURA DE LA CARACITA DE LA CARACI	Familiarity with rhymes Discuss likes & dislikes Recite poems with enthusiasm.
Autumn 2		Familiarity with books & stories Discuss likes & dislikes about the stories One Snowy Night	Finding Tale Tale of Fear	Description	Full oral composition of simple repetitive stories including typical story language features: Once upon a time there was awhoSoAnd then	Persuasion	Composition of class non-fiction book Shared writing with pupils' contributions of associated words and sentences		Familiarity with rhymes Discuss likes & dislikes



Spring	Image: Sector ecrows we down and the sector experiment of the sector expector experiment of the sector experiment o	Familiarity with books	lourou	Sotting	Simple innovation of repetitive story through changing some description. With associated word writing and sentence writing Story invention sessions to use basic 5-part structure to teach the concept of characters, settings, and basic description. Writing outcome options, lists, invitations, wanted poster.	Discussion	Class book of family celebrations traditions. Class Diwali celebrations. weddings, christenings, Christmas, birthdays etc		Familiarity
Spring 1	Wire Going on a Bear Hund Gubert Roser + Helse Osasbar	Familiarity with books & stories Discuss likes & dislikes. Orally answer simple questions to promote inference	Journey Tale	Setting	Oral composition of innovated and invented stories including typical story language features: Once upon a time there lived awhoEarly one morningSadlyLuckily.  Simple innovation on stories substituting and embellishing settings With associated word and sentence writing Story invention to use the basic 5 part structure to embed concept of characters, setting and basic language patterns	Discussion	Composition of simple captions and basic sentences about the environment The sand is hot. The grass is long.	<section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header>	Familiarity with rhymes Discuss likes & dislikes Orally answer simple questions to promote inference



Spring 2	<image/>	Familiarity with books, stories & rhymes: Discuss likes & dislikes. Orally answer simple questions to promote inference	Finding Tale	Characterisation	Oral composition of innovated and invented stories using typical story language features: Once upon a time there lived awho One day First Next After that Finally With associated sentence writing Simple innovations on learned stories through substituting characters and descriptions A day with the star. Where would you go? What would you do? My star is lost. My Star is big. My star is hot.	Explanation	Composition of class book Aspirations class book of what we want to be when we grow up – I want to be a brave firefighter and rescue people.	<section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><text><text></text></text></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header>	Familiarity with poems & rhymes Discuss likes & dislikes Orally answer simple questions to promote inference
Summer 1	<image/> <image/>	Familiarity with books & stories Discuss likes, dislikes & puzzles about the story Orally answer simple questions to promote inference	Journey Tale	Openings & Endings	Oral composition of innovated and invented stories using typical story language features: Once upon a time there was awho lived One day Early one morningSo heAnd they Simple innovations on learned stories through substituting openings and endings to the story and sentences With associated sentence writing	Instruction	Composition of individual instructions Lists Labels for diagrams Labels for maps Instructions on how to trap a dragon (Pie)	Little seed Five little flowers	Familiarity with poems & rhymes Discuss likes, dislikes & puzzles about the story Orally answer simple questions to promote inference



					Story openings and endings. Talk for writing -Zog				
Summer 2	Landy Landy The Little Red Hen	Familiarity with books & stories Discuss likes, dislikes, puzzles & questions about the story Orally answer simple questions to promote anticipation Fender and the Cliff Rescret Cliff	Warning Tale	Description	Composition of innovated and invented stories including typical story language Once upon a time, long ago there was awho lived One day But when And so With associated sentence writing Children write their own version of Little Red Hen	Recount	Composition of recount of the farm visit.	Summer themed poem	Familiarity with poems & rhymes Discuss likes, dislikes, puzzl es & questions about the story Orally answer simple questions to promote anticipation



				Key Sta	ge 1 (Y1/2)				
Term	Theme & Key Text	Secondary texts for reading & writing stimulus	Genre of text	Fiction Focus	Writing Outcome/ Assessment Checkpoint	Non- fiction genre	Writing Outcome/ Assessment Checkpoint	Poetry	Writing Outcome
Autumn 1	The Mousehole Cat         Links to Geography	Familiarity with books & stories Responding to questions Discuss The Sea Saw If All the World Were •	Losing Tale	Suspense	<ul> <li>Year 1:</li> <li>Join words and joining clauses using "and".</li> <li>Year 2:</li> <li>Attempt some varied vocab and use some varied sentence openings e.g., time connectives.</li> <li>Refer to action toolkit</li> </ul>	Persuasion	<ul> <li>Year 1:</li> <li>Use present tense and second person to talk to the reader.</li> <li>Use familiar adjectives to add detail e.g. red apple, bad wolf.</li> <li>Year 2:</li> <li>Use subordination to join clauses (using when, if, that, or because)</li> <li>Exclamation marks and commas in a list.</li> <li>Refer to Persuasion toolkit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I'm glad the earth is painted blue</li> <li>The secret song</li> <li>I shall protect the forests</li> </ul>	Familiarity with poems & rhymes Answer simple retrieval- based questions
Autumn 2	The Owl who was Afraid of the Dark	Familiarity with books & stories Responding to questions Discuss Grimwood	Tale of Fear	Action	<ul> <li>Year 1:</li> <li>Use 2 adjectives to give different details.</li> <li>Begin to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark.</li> <li>Year 2:</li> <li>Use prepositions to extend descriptions</li> <li>Exclamation marks and commas in a list.</li> <li>Use the present and past tenses correctly and consistently</li> </ul>	Recount	<ul> <li>Year 1:</li> <li>Use past tense and first person to recount to the reader.</li> <li>Use precise adjectives to add specific detail e.g. brass nozzles, flashing blue light.</li> <li>Year 2:</li> <li>Use subordination to join clauses (using when, if, that, or because)</li> <li>Attempt some varied vocab and use some</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dinosaur poems anthology</li> <li>by Paul Cookson</li> </ul>	Familiarity with poems & rhymes Responding to questions Discuss



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					including the progressive form.		varied sentence openings e.g., time connectives.		
					Refer to setting toolkit		Refer to Recount toolkit		
Spring 1	By the statute of Way Horse THE RAINBOW BEAR Manager Manager The Rainbow Bear Links to Geography	Familiarity with books & stories Responding to questions Discuss • Sidney, Stella and the Moon The Gruffalo	Wishing Tale	Setting	<ul> <li>Year 1:</li> <li>Use familiar adjectives to add detail e.g. red apple, bad wolf.</li> <li>Year 2:</li> <li>Use expanded noun phrases to describe and specify.</li> <li>Refer to settings toolkit</li> </ul>	Discussion text	<ul> <li>Year 1: <ul> <li>Use regular plural noun suffixes (-s, - es)</li> <li>Use familiar adjectives to add detail e.g. red apple, bad wolf.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Year 2: <ul> <li>Use subordination to join clauses.</li> <li>Use appropriate punctuation – commas for lists, bullet points)</li> <li>Use precise nouns and verbs.</li> <li>Use subordination (using when, if, that, or because)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	On the Ning Nang Nong	Familiarity with poems & rhymes Responding to questions Discuss
							Refer to instructions toolkit		
Spring 2	shaun tan CEFIC	Familiarity with books & stories Responding to questions Discuss • The River	Finding Tale	Openings & Endings	<ul> <li>Year 1:</li> <li>Use 2 adjectives to give different details.</li> <li>Begin to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark.</li> <li>Combine words to make sentences, including using and sequence sentences</li> </ul>	Information Text	Seasons Year 1: • Use present tense and third person to talk to the reader. • Use precise adjectives to add specific detail e.g. brass nozzles, flashing blue light. Year 2:	Tree	Familiarity with poems & rhymes Responding to questions Discuss



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	Links to History				to form short narratives. Year 2: • Use prepositions to extend descriptions • Use coordination (using or, and, or but) • Use the present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form.		<ul> <li>Use co-ordination (e.g. or / and / but) and some subordination (e.g. when / if / that / because) to join clauses</li> <li>Focus on essential conjunctions to change a view point.</li> <li>Exclamation marks and commas in a list.</li> <li>Refer to Information toolkit</li> </ul>		
Summer 1	The Most Important of All Links to Science & Geography	Familiarity with books & stories Responding to questions Discuss Giraffes Can't Dance James and the giant peach	Defeating the monster	Characterisation	<ul> <li>Year 1:</li> <li>Use familiar adjectives to add detail e.g. red apple, bad wolf.</li> <li>Use 2 adjectives to give different details.</li> <li>Begin to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark</li> <li>Year 2:</li> <li>Use expanded noun phrases to describe and specify.</li> <li>Use similes to describe a specific feature.</li> <li>Exclamation marks and commas in a list.</li> <li>Refer to character toolkit</li> </ul>	Discussion	<ul> <li>Year 1:</li> <li>Use present tense and second person to talk to the reader.</li> <li>Use familiar adjectives to add detail e.g. red apple, bad wolf.</li> <li>Year 2:</li> <li>Use co-ordination (e.g. or / and / but) and some subordination (e.g. when / if / that / because) to join clauses</li> <li>Focus on essential conjunctions to change a view point.</li> <li>Refer to Discussion toolkit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unique</li> <li>We are all different</li> <li>Black is beautiful</li> <li>Glad that I'm me</li> </ul>	Familiarity with poems & rhymes Responding to questions Discuss



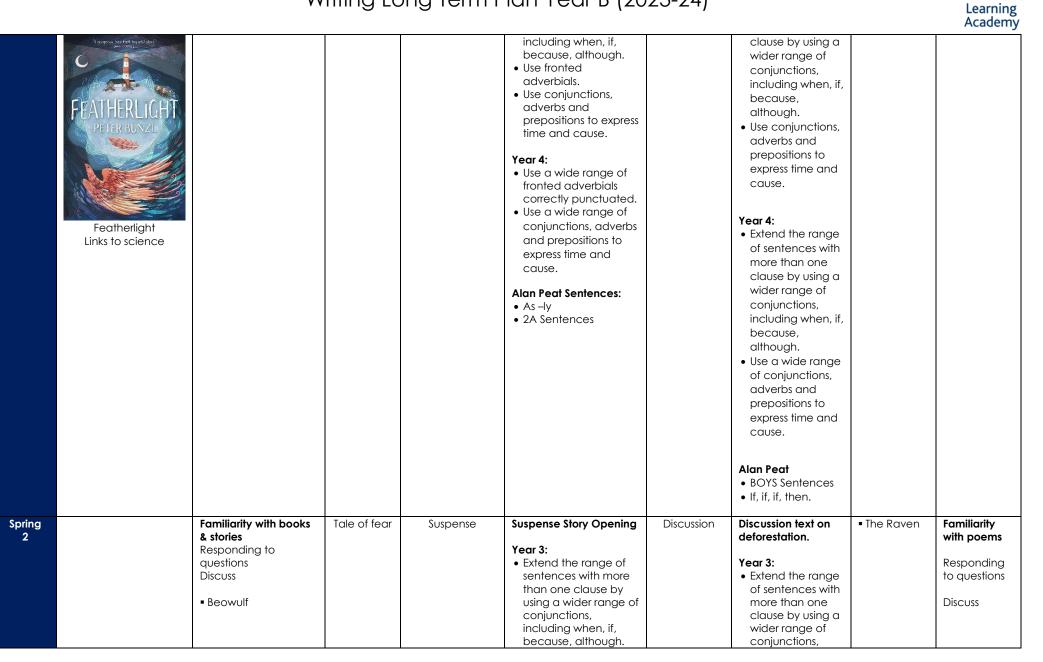


				Lower Key S	tage 2 (Y3/4)				
Term	Theme & Key Text	Secondary texts for reading & writing stimulus	Genre	Fiction Focus	Writing Outcome/ Assessment Checkpoint	Non- fiction genre	Writing Outcome/ Assessment Checkpoint	Poetry	Writing Outcome
Autumn	Image: Constraint of the second of the se	Familiarity with books & stories Responding to questions Discuss • Flotsam	Portal story	Setting	<ul> <li>Year 3:</li> <li>Extend the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although.</li> <li>Use fronted adverbials.</li> <li>Use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.</li> <li>Year 4:</li> <li>Use a wide range of fronted adverbials correctly punctuated.</li> <li>Use a wide range of conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express and prepositions to express time and cause.</li> <li>Year 4:</li> <li>Use a wide range of fronted adverbials correctly punctuated.</li> <li>Use a wide range of conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.</li> <li>Alan Peat Sentences: <ul> <li>As -ly</li> <li>2A Sentences</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Persuasive	<ul> <li>Write an advert for guardian of the forest.</li> <li>Year 3: <ul> <li>Extend the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although.</li> <li>Use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Year 4: <ul> <li>Extend the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Year 4: <ul> <li>Extend the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although.</li> <li>Use a wide range of conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	• The Magic Box	Familiarity with poems Responding to questions Discuss



							<ul><li>BOYS Sentences</li><li>If, if, if, then.</li></ul>		
Autumn 2	TON BRADINAN MICHAELANTI ALCORRIGO ANGLO-Saxon Boy Links to History	Familiarity with books & stories Responding to questions Discuss • The Buried Crown • The King Who Threw Away His Crown	Journey tale	Action	<ul> <li>Year 3:</li> <li>Extend the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although.</li> <li>Use fronted adverbials.</li> <li>Use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.</li> <li>Year 4:</li> <li>Use a wide range of fronted adverbials correctly punctuated.</li> <li>Use a wide range of conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express and prepositions to express time and cause.</li> </ul>	Information	<ul> <li>Non-Chronological report about Anglo Saxon life</li> <li>Year 3: <ul> <li>Extend the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although.</li> <li>Use fronted adverbials.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Year 4: <ul> <li>Extend the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although.</li> <li>Use fronted adverbials.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Year 4: <ul> <li>Extend the range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although.</li> <li>Use fronted adverbials.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Year 4: <ul> <li>Extend the range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although.</li> <li>Use a wide range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although.</li> <li>Use a wide range of fronted adverbials correctly punctuated.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Alan Peat <ul> <li>BOYS Sentences</li> <li>If, if, if, then.</li> </ul></li></ul>	<ul> <li>Tiger, Tiger Burning Bright</li> <li>Apes to Zebras</li> </ul>	Familiarity with poems Responding to questions Discuss
Spring 1		Familiarity with books & stories Responding to questions Discuss • Until I Met Dudley	Finding tale	Suspense	Create a suspense extract Year 3: • Extend the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions,	Explanation	Explanation text on how lighthouses work. Year 3: • Extend the range of sentences with more than one	<ul> <li>The Earth Speaks</li> <li>Unaware</li> </ul>	Familiarity with poems Responding to questions Discuss

Foxhole





	TONY BRADMAN FREE VENGEAUE VIKING BOY Links to history				<ul> <li>Use fronted adverbials.</li> <li>Use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.</li> <li>Year 4: <ul> <li>Use a wide range of fronted adverbials correctly punctuated.</li> <li>Use a wide range of conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Alan Peat Sentences: <ul> <li>As -ly</li> <li>2A Sentences</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		<ul> <li>including when, if, because, although.</li> <li>Use fronted adverbials.</li> <li>Year 4:</li> <li>Extend the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although.</li> <li>Use a wide range of fronted adverbials correctly punctuated.</li> <li>Alan Peat</li> <li>BOYS Sentences</li> <li>If, if, if, then.</li> </ul>		
Summer 1	Trem the author of MAR HOUSE MICHAELA MORPURGO WHY THE WHALES CAME Why The Whales Came Links to science	Familiarity with books & stories Responding to questions Discuss • Tin Forest	Losing tale	Characterisation	Introduce a character. Year 3: • Use and punctuate direct speech (including punctuation within and surrounding inverted commas). • Use the correct form of 'a' or 'an'. • Use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause. Year 4: • Use and punctuate direct speech (including punctuation within	Instructions	Instructional Text on How to survive when stranded on an island. Year 3: • Extend the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although. • Use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to	<ul> <li>Cornish Poems</li> <li>The wheel of hope</li> </ul>	Familiarity with poems Responding to questions Discuss



								-	Academy
					and surrounding inverted commas). Use a wide range of conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause. Use the correct form of 'a' or 'an'. Alan Peat Sentences: Emotion, comma 2A Sentences ing,ed.		<ul> <li>express time and cause.</li> <li>Year 4: <ul> <li>Extend the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although.</li> <li>Use a wide range of conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Alan Peat <ul> <li>BOYS Sentences</li> <li>If, if, if, then.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Summer 2	DERMOT O'LEARY           Toto The Ninja Cat           Links to science	Familiarity with books & stories Responding to questions Discuss • Varmints	Defeating the monster	Dialogue	<ul> <li>Own version of a narrative</li> <li>Year 3: <ul> <li>Use and punctuate direct speech (including punctuation within and surrounding inverted commas).</li> <li>Use the correct form of 'a' or 'an'.</li> <li>Use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Year 4: <ul> <li>Use and punctuate direct speech</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Recount	<ul> <li>Diary of Toto</li> <li>Year 3: <ul> <li>Extend the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although.</li> <li>Use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	• New adventure	Familiarity with poems Responding to questions Discuss

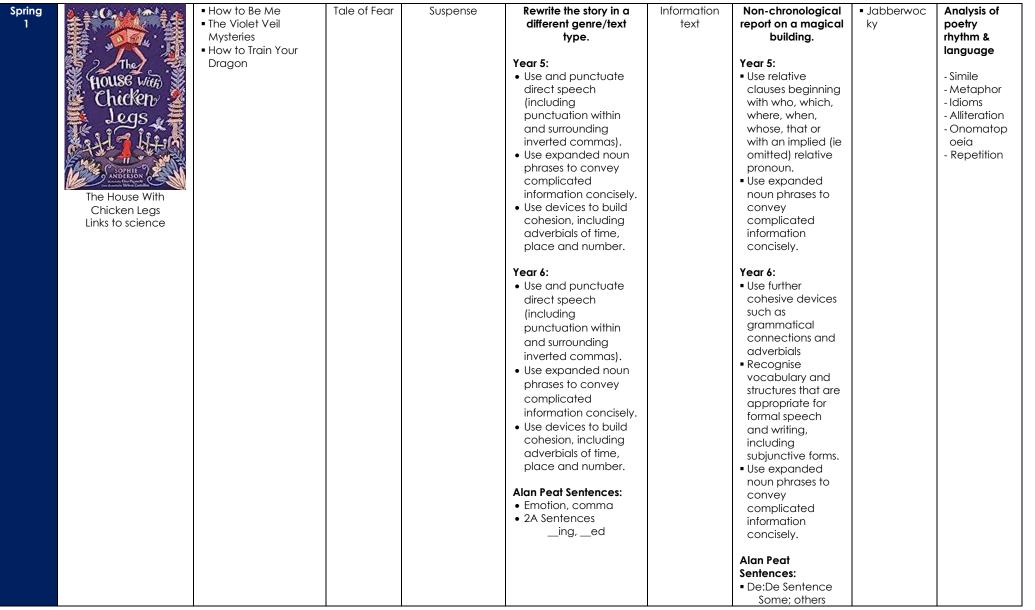


<ul> <li>(including punctuation within and surrounding inverted commas).</li> <li>Use a wide range of conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.</li> <li>Use the correct form of 'a' or 'an'.</li> <li>Alan Peat Sentences:</li> <li>With a(n) action, more action</li> </ul>	Year 4: • Extend the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although. • Use a wide range of conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause	
	Alan Peat • BOYS Sentences • If, if, if, then.	

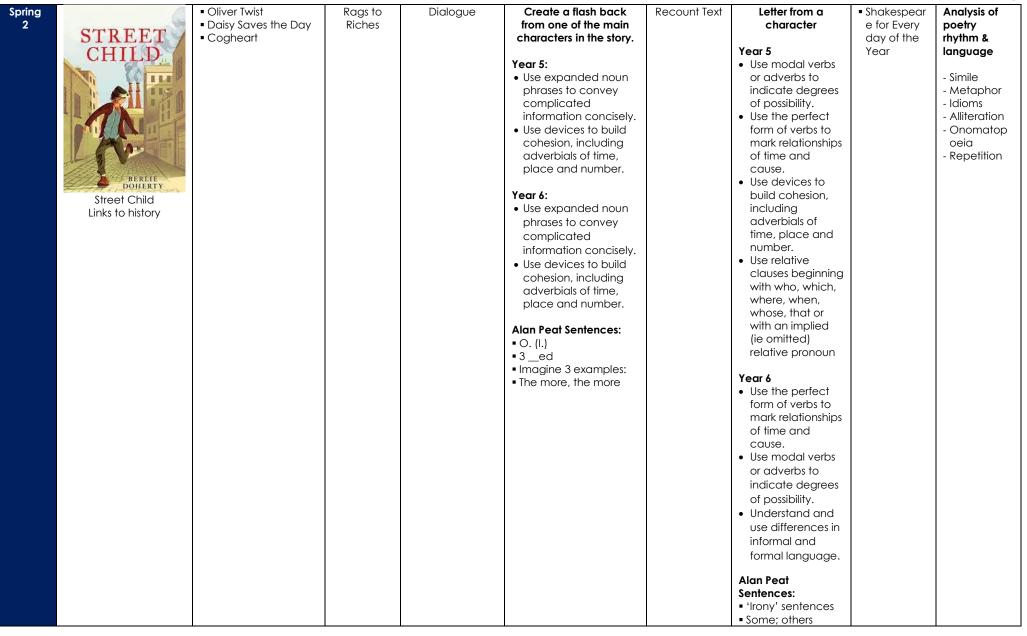


Upper Key Stage 2 (Y5/6)									
Term	Theme & Key Text	Secondary texts for reading & writing stimulus	Genre	Fiction Focus	Writing Outcome/ Assessment Checkpoint	Non- fiction genre	Writing Outcome/ Assessment Checkpoint	Poetry	Writing Outcome
Autumn 1	Neurona de Reverse Mada aras NEIL GAIMAN Graveyard Book Particularia Reverse Book Particularia The Graveyard Book Links to PSHE	• Warhorse • The Explorer • The Arrival	Journey Tale	Setting	Create a sequel to the story. Develop the setting further through high quality descriptive writing. Build cohesion through linking ideas across sentences and paragraphs. Refer to the setting toolkit	Explanation	Composition of an explanation text using the core language, patterns and structure Process of tsunamis Refer to explanation text progression	<ul> <li>Breathe</li> <li>A Poetry of Elephants</li> <li>Dark Sky Park</li> </ul>	Analysis of poetry rhythm & language - Simile - Metaphor - Idioms - Alliteration - Onomatop oeia - Repetition
Autumn 2	The Last Bear Links to previous Geography	The Hobbit     Percy Jackson     Warhorse	Character Flaw	Action	Create a new action episode. Focus on the balance of description and action. Use repetition to build tension whilst advancing the action. Refer to action toolkit	Persuasion text	Composition of persuasive text in the form of adverts using the core language, patterns and structure Adverts for different wizards' items Refer to persuasive text progression	• Zombierella	Analysis of poetry rhythm & language - Simile - Metaphor - Idioms - Alliteration - Onomatop oeia - Repetition











							<ul> <li>3 bad – (dash) question?</li> </ul>		
Summer 1	THE CHRONICLES OF NARNIA+2 THE LION, THE WITCH THE WARDROBE C.S. LEWIS INJUSTICATED The Lion, the Witch and the Wardrobe Links to science & geography	<ul> <li>A Boy 87</li> <li>The Boy in the Tower</li> <li>The True Story of the Three Little Pigs</li> <li>Peter Pan</li> </ul>	Finding Tale	Openings & Endings	Create a prologue to the story. Year 5: • Use and punctuate direct speech (including punctuation within and surrounding inverted commas). • Use expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely. • Use devices to build cohesion, including adverbials of time, place and number. Year 6:	Instructions	Instructions: How to survive an air raid. Year 5: Use relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (ie omitted) relative pronoun. Use devices to build cohesion, including adverbials of time, place and number. Year 6:	• Rhythm and Poetry	Analysis of poetry rhythm & language - Simile - Metaphor - Idioms - Alliteration - Onomatop oeia - Repetition
					<ul> <li>Use and punctuate direct speech (including punctuation within and surrounding inverted commas).</li> <li>Use expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely.</li> <li>Use devices to build cohesion, including adverbials of time, place and number.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Use further cohesive devices such as grammatical connections and adverbials</li> <li>Recognise vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms.</li> </ul>		



summer 2	<ul> <li>The Odyssey</li> <li>The Witches</li> </ul>	Defeating the monster	Characterisation	<ul> <li>Write a key event in the story from another character's point of view.</li> <li>Focus on 'show not tell' and how characters feel by what they do, think or say. Like how they feel with their actions.</li> <li>Refer to characterisation toolkit</li> </ul>	Discussion Text	Composition of a discussion text using the core language, patterns and structure Who is right out of the characters? • Refer to discussion text progression	• The Highwayma n	Analysis of poetry rhythm & language - Simile - Metaphor - Idioms - Alliteration - Onomatop oeia - Repetition
Links to science								